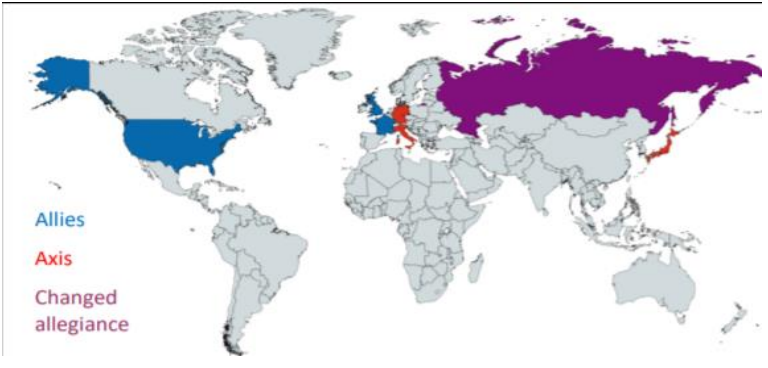


All Saints CE Aided Primary School and Nursery Knowledge Organiser

Year: 6	History and Geography: The world at War	Concept and questions: Conflict Is conflict ever justified? What was the impact of WW2 on Britain?		Curriculum Strand: Post 1066 & Significant turning point																	
What should I know already?		Map		Vocabulary																	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Features of rural and urban areas in the United Kingdom. The chronology of British history Characteristics of London The location of Germany and the continent of Europe World location knowledge (local, UK, wider world, 7 continents, 5 Oceans) Make observations using maps, atlases, globes, aerial photos. Human and physical features 8 point compass Equator, northern hemisphere, southern hemisphere, longitude and latitude. 				<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Ally and allies</td> <td>The group of nations including the United States, Britain, the Soviet Union, and the Free French, who joined in the war against Germany.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Axis</td> <td>The group of nations that worked together against the Allies. The group included Germany, Italy and Japan.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Blitz</td> <td>An intense bombing campaign .</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Invasion</td> <td>When one geopolitical group enters the area controlled by another group.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Liberate</td> <td>To free someone or a group of people</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Occupied</td> <td>To take over the government of another country</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Defend</td> <td>To fight to stop another country from invading</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Evacuate</td> <td>An organised programme to move children away from danger</td> </tr> </table>		Ally and allies	The group of nations including the United States, Britain, the Soviet Union, and the Free French, who joined in the war against Germany.	Axis	The group of nations that worked together against the Allies. The group included Germany, Italy and Japan.	Blitz	An intense bombing campaign .	Invasion	When one geopolitical group enters the area controlled by another group.	Liberate	To free someone or a group of people	Occupied	To take over the government of another country	Defend	To fight to stop another country from invading	Evacuate	An organised programme to move children away from danger
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What was the Battle of Britain and what was its significance?		What was the impact of WW2 on Britain?		Key figures and their roles																	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Features of rural and urban areas in the United Kingdom. The chronology of British history Characteristics of London The location of Germany and the continent of Europe To know some the cities affected by WWII. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Home Front was the name given to how the Britain was called the 'Home Front', because people felt that they were part of the war. Women’s roles changed as a result of the war as they were needed to carry out the jobs of men whilst they were fighting. Many children were evacuated away from cities to the countryside in order to keep them safe from bombing. Rationing meant that everyone had a food allowance. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sir Winston Churchill – Prime Minister of Great Britain between 1940 and 1945. He is often thought of as being bold, brave and tireless in his resolve to take on the might of the Nazi’s. Adolf Hitler – was the leader of the Nazi party, Chancellor Of Germany and Fuhrer of Germany (1934-1945). Bentio Mussolini – The leader of Italy’s National Fascist Party. He was Prime Minister from 1922-1945 and was a dictator from 1925 onwards. Franklin Roosevelt – The 32nd President of the USA. Joseph Stalin – was the Communist leader/ dictator of the USSR during WWII. 																	
		Major Battles																			
		<p>The Evacuation of Dunkirk - British troops were evacuated from France</p> <p>The Battle of Britain - The RAF defended Britain against the Luftwaffe</p> <p>D. Day – British and Allied troops invaded France</p>																			

Timeline:													
	1 Sep, 1939 – Germany invades Poland - WWII begins	Apr-Jun 1940 – Germany invades Denmark and Norway	May-Jun 1940 – Germany takes over most of Western Europe	Jul-Oct 1941 – The Battle of Britain	22 Jun 1941 – The Axis attack Russia	7-8 Dec 1941 – Japan attack US. US joins Allies	4 Jun 1942 – Battle of Midway. US beats Japan	3 Sep 1943 – Italy surrenders	6 June 1944 – D-Day – allies invade Normandy	25 Aug 1944 – Paris liberated from German control	7 May 1945 – Germany surrenders	Aug 1945 – The US drops atomic bombs on Japan	2 Sep 1945 – Japan surrenders – WWII is over.