



FRAYS

Academy Trust

All Saints CE Primary School & Nursery Spiritual, Moral, Social and Cultural Development Policy

V2 March 2023

Version History

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V1 November 2017	New Policy
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1 Introduction

This policy outlines the role of Spiritual, Moral, Social and Cultural Education within schools in the Frays Academy Trust.

The implementation of this policy is the responsibility of all the staff.

2 The Nature of Spiritual and Moral Development

Spiritual, Moral, Social and Cultural Development focuses on relationships with other people and, for believers, with God. It concentrates on the search for individual identity and with our responses to challenging experiences, such as death, suffering, beauty and encounters with good and evil. It is to do with the search for meaning and purpose in life and for values by which to live.

Our key aim is that all our pupils will develop a positive attitude towards themselves and others, show respect for the world they live in and deal with everyday life situations in a confident and understanding way. Through ensuring pupils' Spiritual, Moral, Social and Cultural development, we will actively promote fundamental British values. (Please see appendix 1)

The potential for Spiritual Development is open to everyone and is not confined to the development of religious beliefs or conversion to a particular faith.

2.1 Spiritual Development

We have divided Spiritual Development into eight distinct areas:

1. *Feelings and Emotions*: The sense of being moved by beauty or kindness; hurt by injustice or aggression; a growing awareness of when it is important to control emotions and feelings, and how to learn to use such feelings as a source of growth.
2. *Creativity*: Expressing innermost thoughts and feelings through, for example, art, music, literature and crafts; exercising the imagination, inspiration, intuition and insight.
3. *Self-knowledge*: An awareness of oneself in terms of thoughts, feelings, emotions, responsibilities and experiences; a growing understanding and acceptance of individual identity; the development of self-respect.
4. *A sense of awe, wonder and mystery*: Being inspired by the natural world, mystery or human achievement.
5. *Search for meaning and purpose*: Asking "Why me?" at times of hardship or suffering; reflecting on the origins and purpose of life; responding to challenging experiences of life such as beauty, suffering and death.
6. *Relationships*: Recognising and valuing the worth of each individual; developing a sense of community; the ability to build up relationships with others.
7. *Beliefs*: The development of personal beliefs, including religious beliefs; an appreciation that people have individual and shared beliefs on which they base their lives; a developing understanding of how beliefs contribute to personal identity.
8. *Feelings beyond experience*: Feelings which may give rise to belief in the existence of a divine being, or the belief that one's inner resources provide the ability to rise above everyday experiences.

Spirituality in our schools in the Trust is essentially developed through three ways:

- Spirituality during the school day
- Spirituality through the curriculum
- Spirituality through Collective Worship (Church Schools)

2.2 Moral Development

Moral Development, like Spiritual Development, cannot be defined by one simple statement. It involves several elements.

1. The will to behave morally as a point of principle. This attitude is fundamental to Moral Development.
2. Knowledge of the codes and conventions of conduct agreed by society, both non-statutory and those prescribed by law.
3. Knowledge and understanding of the criteria put forward as a basis for making responsible judgements on moral issues.
4. The ability to make judgements on moral issues, as they arise by applying moral principles, insights and reasoning.

2.3 Social Development

Our pupils will acquire an understanding and rights of being members of families and communities (local, national and global) and an ability to relate to others and to work with others for the common good.

They will display a sense of belonging and an increasing willingness to participate.

They will develop the knowledge, skills, understanding, qualities and attitudes they will need to make an active contribution to the democratic process in each of their communities.

2.4 Cultural Development

Pupils will acquire an understanding of cultural traditions and an ability to appreciate and respond to a variety of aesthetic experiences.

They will learn to respect their own culture and that of other cultures in their community, Britain and throughout the world, gain an interest in others' ways of doing things and curiosity about differences.

They will develop the knowledge, skills, understanding, qualities and attitudes they will need to understand, appreciate and contribute to culture.

3 Implementation

The promotion of Spiritual, Moral, Social and Cultural Development of each child is seen as the responsibility of all members of staff. Much of this development should be assimilated through the ethos of each school. However, there are many opportunities within cross-curricular work to focus on the above statements.

Some of the above statements will take place through direct teaching. Children will be taught:

- To distinguish between right and wrong;
- To articulate their own attitudes and values;
- To take responsibilities for their own actions;
- To recognise the moral dimension to situations;
- To understand the long and short-term consequences of their actions for themselves and others;
- To develop for themselves a set of socially acceptable values and principles, and set guidelines to govern their own behaviour;

- To recognise that their values and attitudes may have to change over time; To behave consistently in accordance with their principles.

All children, regardless of ability, gender or social background will receive the same teaching with each of their views being taken into account.

The potential for spiritual development is open to everyone and is not confined to a particular faith.

4 Contexts for Promoting Spiritual, Moral, Social and Cultural Developments in our Schools

It is possible to identify different contexts where suitable opportunities for promoting SMSC arise, in many areas of school life. Spiritual, Moral, Social and Cultural development is taught through and reflected in all areas of the curriculum and through all aspects of the school day. Pupils are provided with the opportunities to gain in knowledge and understanding and to develop the skills they need to participate in the life of the diverse community in which they live.

These include:

- Religious Education
- Collective Worship
- National Curriculum subjects
- non-statutory subjects and aspects e.g. PSHE, citizenship and environmental education
- teaching and learning strategies
- the quality of relationships between staff and pupils and between pupils
- teachers and support staff as role models
- the ethos and values of the school
- aspects such as visits, visitors, clubs and extra-curricular activities □ assessment

5 Monitoring and review

An ongoing Assessment of the Spiritual and Moral Development of a child will initially be the responsibility of the class teacher and thereafter by any member of staff who comes into regular contact with the child.